

ASX RELEASE

12 November 2020

### **KAZIA PRESENTS TO HC WAINWRIGHT & CO**

#### **6<sup>TH</sup> ANNUAL ISRAEL CONFERENCE**

**Sydney, 12 November 2020** – Kazia Therapeutics Limited (ASX: KZA; NASDAQ: KZIA), an Australian oncology-focused biotechnology company, is pleased to provide a copy of the presentation to be made by our CEO, Dr James Garner, to the HC Wainwright 6<sup>th</sup> annual Israel conference later this evening.

#### [ENDS]

#### **About Kazia Therapeutics Limited**

Kazia Therapeutics Limited (ASX: KZA, NASDAQ: KZIA) is an innovative oncology-focused biotechnology company, based in Sydney, Australia. Our pipeline includes two clinical-stage drug development candidates, and we are working to develop therapies across a range of oncology indications.

Our lead program is paxalisib (formerly GDC-0084), a small molecule inhibitor of the PI3K / AKT / mTOR pathway, which is being developed to treat glioblastoma, the most common and most aggressive form of primary brain cancer in adults. Licensed from Genentech in late 2016, paxalisib entered a phase II clinical trial in 2018. Interim data was reported most recently at AACR in June 2020, and further data is expected in 2H 2020. Five additional studies are in start-up or ongoing in other forms of brain cancer. Paxalisib was granted Orphan Drug Designation for glioblastoma by the US FDA in February 2018, and Fast Track Designation for glioblastoma by the US FDA in August 2020. In addition, paxalisib was granted Rare Pediatric Disease Designation and Orphan Designation by the US FDA for DIPG in August 2020.

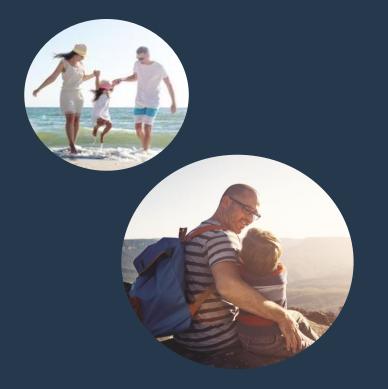
TRX-E-002-1 (Cantrixil), is a third-generation benzopyran molecule with activity against cancer stem cells and is being developed to treat ovarian cancer. TRX-E-002-1 has completed a phase I clinical trial in Australia and the United States with the final data expected in the second half of calendar 2020. Interim data was presented most recently at the AACR conference in June 2020. Cantrixil was granted orphan designation for ovarian cancer by the US FDA in April 2015.

#### **Board of Directors**

Mr Iain Ross Chairman, Non-Executive Director Mr Bryce Carmine Non-Executive Director Mr Steven Coffey Non-Executive Director Dr James Garner Chief Executive Officer, Managing Director For more information, please visit <u>www.kaziatherapeutics.com</u>.

This document was authorized for release to the ASX by James Garner, Chief Executive Officer, Managing Director.





A company developing innovative, high-impact drugs for cancer

Presentation to HC Wainwright & Co 6<sup>th</sup> Annual Israel Conference

Dr James Garner Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director

12 November 2020

### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the "safeharbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause the actual results of the Company to differ materially from the results expressed or implied by such statements, including changes from anticipated levels of customer acceptance of existing and new products and services and other factors. Accordingly, although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, there can be no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. The Company has no obligation to sales, future international, national or regional economic and competitive conditions, changes in relationships with customers, access to capital, difficulties in developing and marketing new products and services, marketing existing products and services update the forward-looking information contained in this presentation.



### **Corporate Overview**



	Company Description	Oncology-focused, mid-clinical-stage, small-molecule biotechnology company, headquartered in Sydney, Australia
Ų	Pipeline	<b>Paxalisib</b> – brain-penetrant PI3K / mTOR inhibitor about to enter international phase III for glioblastoma <b>Cantrixil</b> – cancer stem cell-targeting agent in phase I for ovarian cancer
	Financials	Listed on ASX (KZA) and NASDAQ (KZIA) with a market capitalization of ~US\$ 80 million US\$ 20M financing round completed October 2020



### **Investment Rationale**

World-Class Asset in Brain Cancer

Clear Path to Commercialisation

- Paxalisib developed by Genentech, the world's most successful cancer drug company
- Well-proven mechanism of action, with unique differentiating factor of brain penetration
- Strong scientific rationale for development in brain cancer
- Encouraging clinical data emerging from US-based phase II study
- Potential best-in-class toxicity profile
- FDA-endorsed GBM AGILE study will serve as pivotal study for registration
- US\$ 1.5 billion pa commercial opportunity in glioblastoma, with potential upside in other cancers
- High unmet medical need existing standard of care ineffective in two-thirds of patients
- 5x additional clinical studies at top tier US hospitals provide multiple shots on goal
- Optimised regulatory position with Orphan, Fast Track, and Rare Paediatric Disease Designations

Strong Corporate Story

- Kazia is a late-clinical-stage company, funded for phase III, with one of the leading assets in the global glioblastoma pipeline, and the potential to address a \$1.5 billion market
- Highly-efficient operating model, with ~80% of expenditure applied directly to R&D
- Lean team of internationally-experienced drug developers
- Good potential for partnering and / or M&A during remaining development of paxalisib

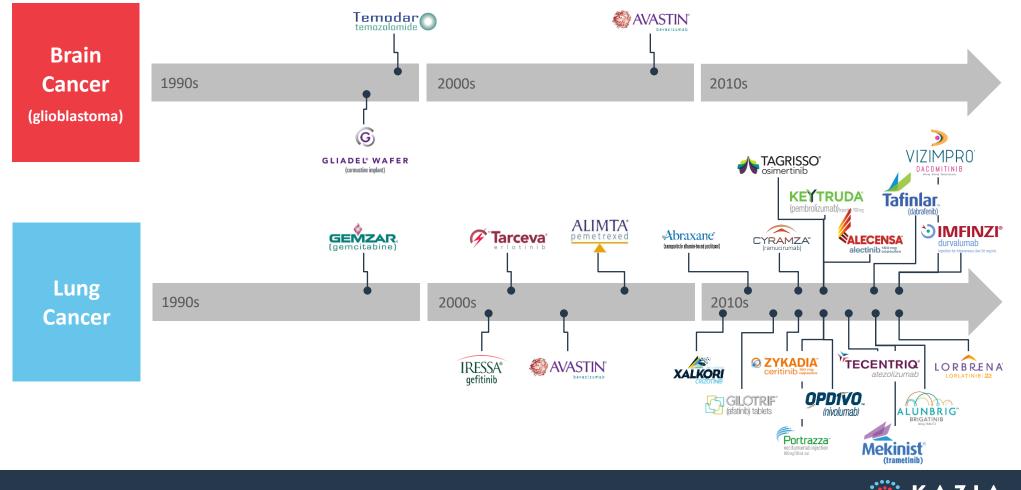


**Program Overview** 

Paxalisib (GDC-0084) Brain Cancer



## Treatment of brain cancer has improved little in recent decades, unlike other cancers



THERAPEUTICS

# Paxalisib was designed specifically to overcome challenges associated with brain cancer treatment

### Challenge

### **Blood-Brain Barrier**

Most cancer therapies do not penetrate the BBB

#### **Tumour Heterogeneity**

Brain tumours exhibit a wide range of genetic aberrations

### Toxicity

Some PI3K inhibitors have shown evidence of significant toxicity

### **Treatment Resistance Mechanisms**

Tumour rapidly develops resistance to single agent treatment approaches

### **Clinical Population**

GBM patients with recurrent disease often have significant morbidity

### Approach

### **Brain-Penetration**

GDC-0084 is designed to cross the blood-brain barrier

### **Rational Target Selection**

PI3K pathway is affected in 85-90% of GBM cases and many brain mets

### Favourable Safety Profile

No evidence of GI, blood, renal, or CNS toxicities

### Multiple Pharmacological Activities

GDC-0084 active against all PI3K isoforms and also mTOR

### Newly-Diagnosed Patients

Lead indication for GDC-0084 is firstline use in GBM

### **Commercially Attractive**

Composition of matter patents through to 2031 in most jurisdictions

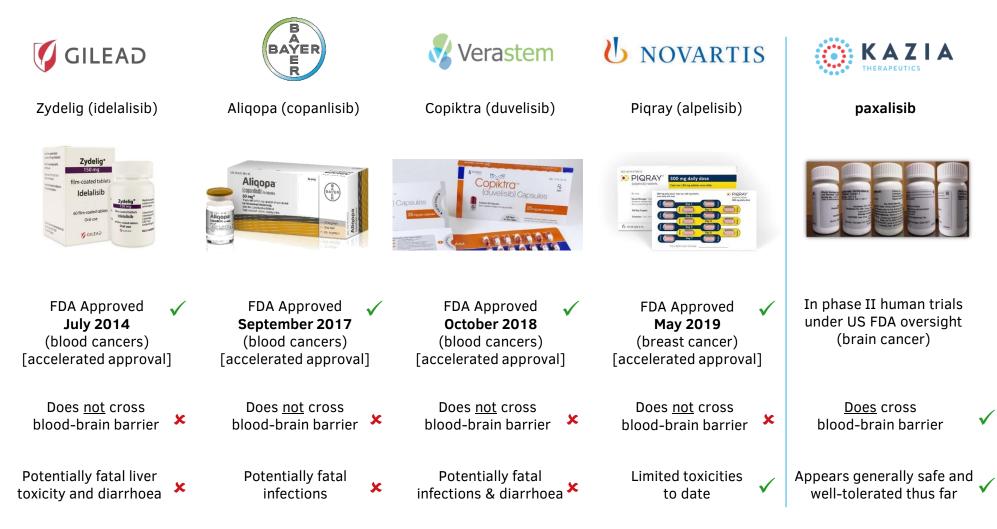
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- Straightforward chemical synthesis; highly stable API; inexpensive manufacture
  - 15mg capsule presentation for oncedaily oral administration
- Limited toxicities and drug interactions
- Toxicology and CMC packages already largely sufficient for registration

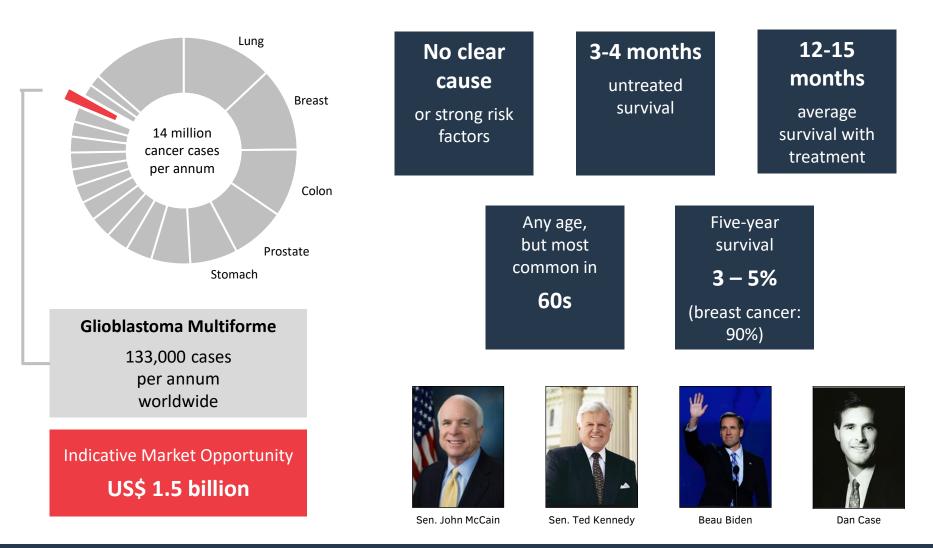


# The PI3K class is well-established, but paxalisib is unique in its ability to cross the blood-brain barrier



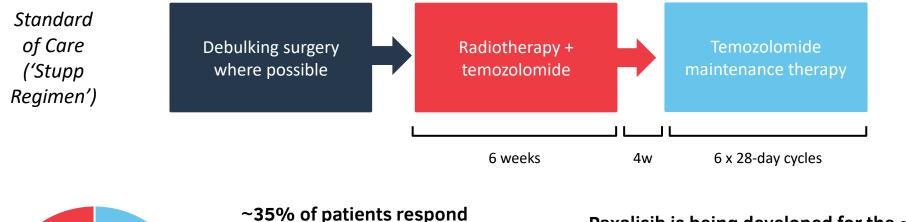


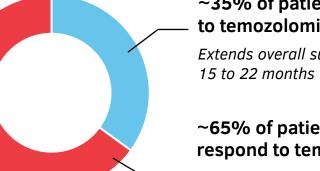
## Glioblastoma (GBM) is the most common and most aggressive form of primary brain cancer





### Temozolomide is only FDA-approved drug for GBM; it is ineffective in $\sim$ 65% of cases





### to temozolomide

Extends overall survival from

### ~65% of patients don't respond to temozolomide

Extends overall survival from 12 to 13 months

Paxalisib is being developed for the ~65% of newly-diagnosed GBM patients who will not respond to existing chemotherapy with temozolomide



For these patients, there is no effective pharmacological treatment currently available

Source: ME Hegi, A-C Diserens, T Gorlia, et al. (2005). N Engl J Med 352:997-1003

Note: Temozolomide is only approved therapy for newly-diagnosed patients; Avastin (bevacizumab) is approved for use in recurrent setting



# The ongoing phase II study is designed to focus on newly-diagnosed patients, following radiotherapy

### Step 1: Dose Optimisation

 Newly-diagnosed patients with the unmethylated MGMT promotor (i.e. resistant to temozolomide)

- Paxalisib administered once daily, orally, as monotherapy in place of temozolomide
- Primary objective is dose determination (Step 1) and signals of efficacy (Step 2)

**9 patients** September 2018 – May 2019

Primary objective is to determine the appropriate dose for newly-diagnosed patients (phase 1 was in end-stage patients)

Fully-Recruited

- Top-line safety data: May 2019
- Interim efficacy data: Nov 2019
- Interim survival data: Apr 2020

### Step 2: Expansion Cohort

**21 patients** June 2019 – February 2020

Primary objective is to generate supportive data for FDA and to provide confirmatory signals of efficacy in newly-diagnosed population

#### **Fully-Recruited**

- Interim efficacy data: Apr 2020
- Interim efficacy data: Jun 2020











 $\checkmark$ 

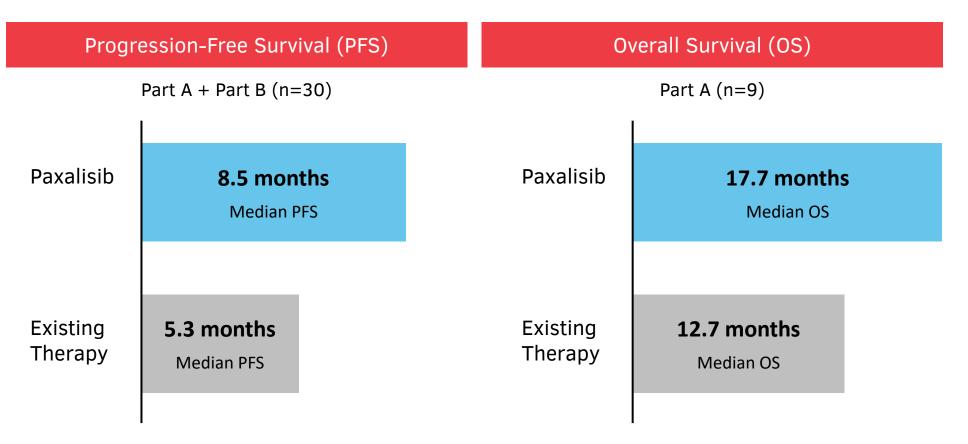




Note: timelines are estimated and subject to periodic revision based on recruitment performance and treatment effect



## New phase II data compares favourably to historical data for temozolomide (existing standard of care)



Note: figures for existing therapy are for temozolomide, per Hegi et al. (2005); comparison between different studies is never perfectly like-for-like



### A broad-based clinical program is underway across multiple forms of brain cancer

Paxalisib (GDC-0084)							
<b>Primary Brain Cancer</b> (brain cancer that begins in the brain)			<b>Secondary Brain Cancer</b> (brain cancer that spreads from elsewhere in the body)				
Glioblastoma	Glioblastoma	DIPG	Primary CNS Lymphoma	Brain Metastases	Breast Cancer Brain Mets	Brain Metastases	
Most common and most aggressive brain tumour	(planned pivotal study for approval [in set-up])	Highly aggressive childhood brain tumour	Treatment- resistant brain cancer	Cancer that has spread from any primary tumour	(combination with Herceptin®)	(combination with radiotherapy)	
Phase II	Phase II / III	Phase I	Phase II	Phase II	Phase II	Phase I	
<u>NCT03522298</u>	<u>NCT03970447</u>	NCT03696355	TBD	<u>NCT03994796</u>	<u>NCT03765983</u>	<u>NCT04192981</u>	
KAZIA THERAPEUTICS	GLOBAL COALITION FOR ADAPTIVE RESEARCH	St. Jude Children's Research Hospital	DANA-FARBER	NIH NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE	DANA-FARBER	Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center	
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Funded by Kazia

Funded Primarily Through Partnerships and External Funding



## **GBM AGILE** is the planned pivotal study for paxalisib in glioblastoma

### What is GBM AGILE?

- A 'platform study', designed by the leading experts in brain cancer to expedite the approval of new drugs for glioblastoma
- Multiple drugs can be evaluated in parallel, saving time and money; Bayer's Stivarga (regorafenib) is the first drug to participate, and Kazia's paxalisib will be the second
- FDA has provided strong endorsement, saying that positive data from GBM AGILE will be suitable for product registration
- The study is currently active at approximately 28 hospitals in the United States and Canada and recruiting very well; expansion to Europe and China is expected in 1H CY2021
- Cutting-edge 'adaptive design' ensures that the study will only recruit the number of patients needed to reach an answer (up to 200 on paxalisib), avoiding redundancy and ensuring the fastest possible path to market

### Who is Behind It?

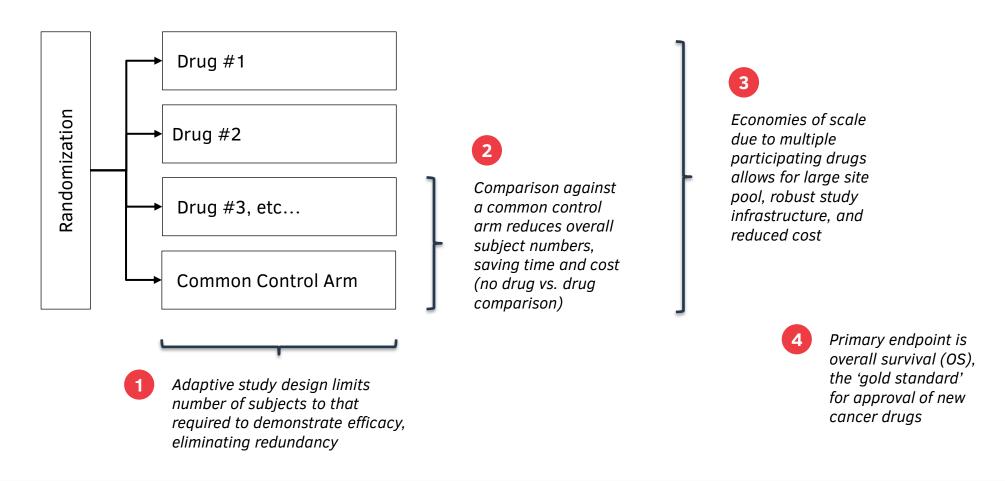
GBM AGILE is sponsored by the Global Coalition for Adaptive Research (GCAR), a not-for-profit entity based in the United States

The study's scientific leadership includes world-leading experts in glioblastoma, among them several clinicians who have participated in clinical trials of paxalisib

GBM AGILE has received substantial grant funding, substantially reducing the cost of participation for companies such as Kazia



## GBM AGILE is an adaptive multi-drug registrational study, with strong FDA support





### **GBM AGILE directly addresses the key challenges** faced by small biotechs and their investors

### Challenge

### **Limited Funding**

Many biotech companies cannot afford world-class phase III studies

#### Long Study Timelines

Phase III studies can sometimes take many years to deliver a result

### **Regulatory Uncertainty**

Small biotechs can struggle to get regulatory support for study design

### **Clinician Engagement**

Competition for top hospitals and clinicians can be intense

### **Execution Risk**

Small companies can struggle to operationalise a complex trial











Many of the world-leading experts in this disease are part of GBM AGILE

### Live Study

GBM AGILE is already underway, recruiting well, and run by IQVIA

### Approach

### **More Cost-Effective Approach**

AGILE achieves huge efficiencies, and is partly grant-funded

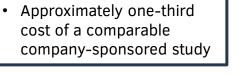
### **Adaptive Study Design**

AGILE is an 'adaptive' study, only recruiting the patients needed

### Strong FDA Endorsement

FDA has provided written backing to the GBM AGILE study design

### **Top-Tier Clinical Leadership**



**Indicative Parameters** 

Primary patient population essentially identical to

Kazia's successful phase II

• Recruitment of up to 200

• Approximately equivalent

number of patients in

~400 patient dataset

patients on paxalisib (but

likely fewer due to adaptive

control group, making for a

Approximately 2-3 years to

study

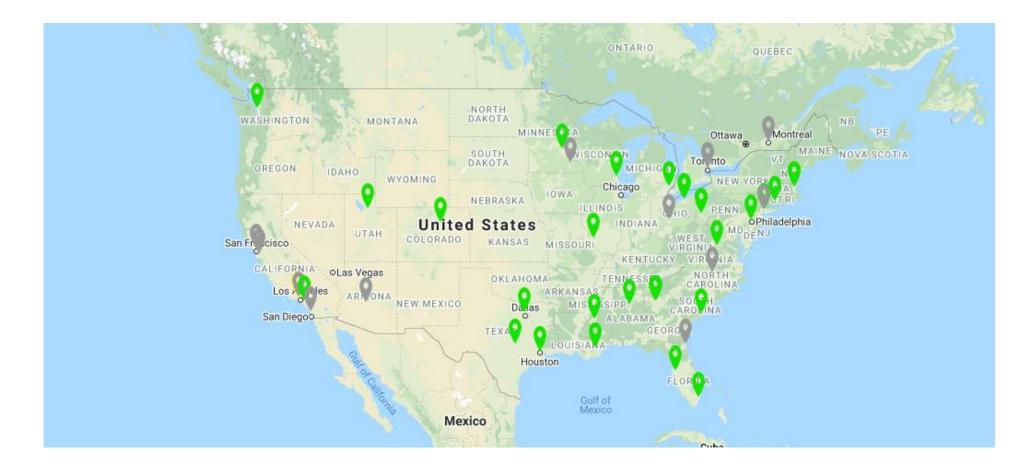
design)

completion

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## GBM AGILE is currently operational at 31 sites in US and Canada, and will open EU and China in CY2021





Source: www.gcaresearch.org

## Recent regulatory achievements position paxalisib well as it moves towards commercialisation

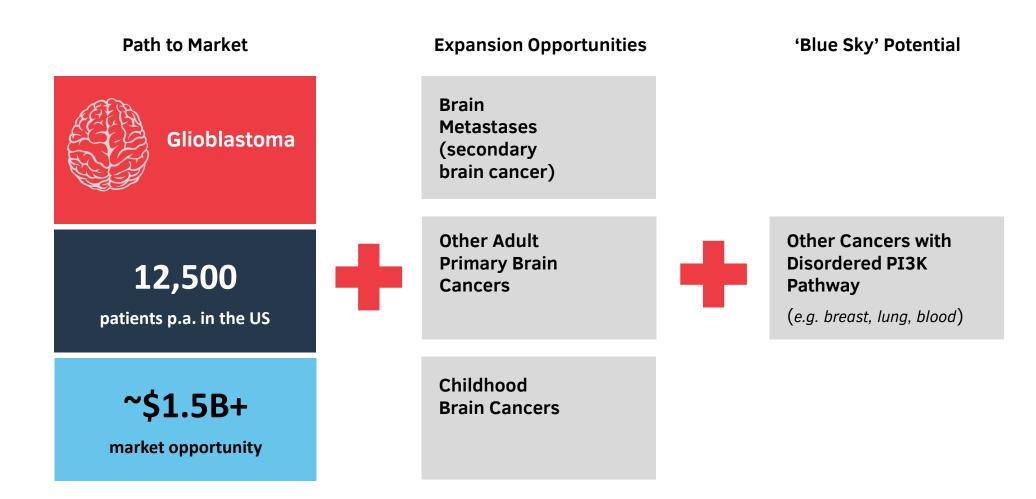
	Glioblastoma	DIPG
	Most common and most aggressive form of brain cancer	Highly aggressive childhood brain cancer
Orphan Designation	February 2018	August 2020
Rare Pediatric Disease Designation	(not applicable)	August 2020
Fast Track Designation	August 2020	for future consideration
Breakthrough Designation	for future consideration	for future consideration

#### Advantages to Kazia

- 'Data exclusivity' provides additional protection against competition beyond granted patents
- Waiver of up to US\$ 6 million in FDA fees at time of filing for marketing authorisations
- Eligibility for orphan grants
- Eligibility for priority review voucher at time of filing for marketing authorisation in DIPG (up to US\$ 350 million in value)
- Enhanced access to FDA, with scope for more frequent and informal meetings
- Ability to submit a 'rolling NDA' in which sections are given to FDA as they are generated, instead of waiting until the end of development



## Brain cancer represents a significant commercial opportunity for paxalisib, with limited competition

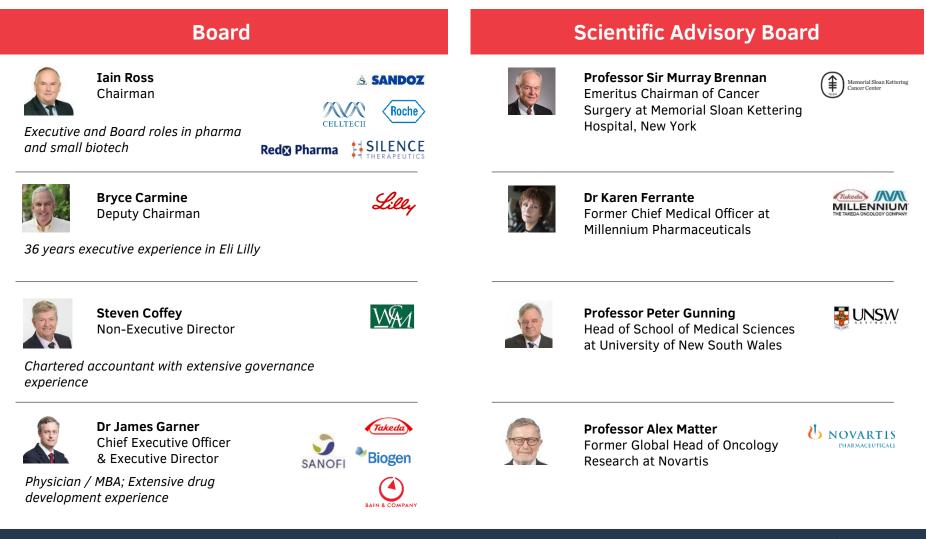




### **Corporate Overview**



# A strong team brings international experience in big pharma and early-stage biotech



## Positive newsflow has supported revaluation of Kazia as paxalisib moves towards commercialisation



Note: as at 31 August 2020, unless otherwise noted



### **Key Objectives for CY2021**





Drive data from broader paxalisib program



Intensify partnering activity



Commence 'rolling NDA' filing activities



### **Key Milestones and Anticipated Newsflow**

Execution of definitive agreement with GCAR for GBM AGILE pivotal study	October 2020 🗸
Further interim data from Kazia phase II glioblastoma trial	November 2020
Initial interim data from phase I DIPG trial at St Jude	November 2020
Initial interim data from phase II BCBM trial at Dana-Farber	Q4 CY2020
Commencement of recruitment to GBM AGILE pivotal study in glioblastoma	Q4 CY2020
Commencement of recruitment to phase II PCNSL study at Dana-Farber	Q1 CY2021
Half-Year Report	Q1 CY2021
Initial interim data from phase II brain mets study by Alliance Group	H1 CY2021
Initial interim data from phase I brain mets study at Sloan-Kettering	H1 CY2021
Final data from Kazia phase II glioblastoma trial	H1 CY2021

Note: all guidance is indicative, and subject to amendment in light of changing conference schedules, operational considerations, etc.





www.kaziatherapeutics.com